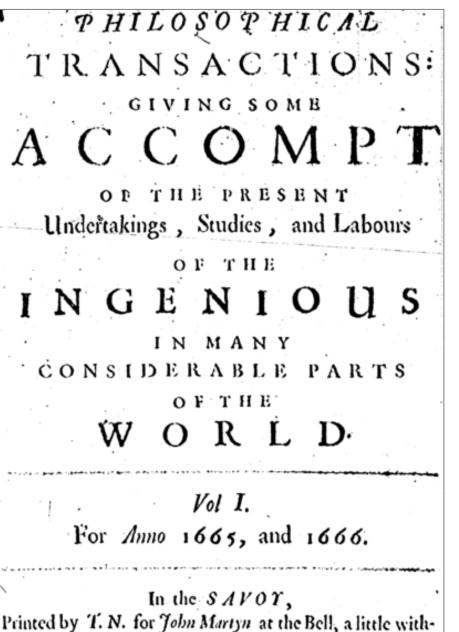
e-Research and the Demise of the Scholarly Article

David De Roure

oxford e-Research





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An e-Research approach to Web-scale music analysis

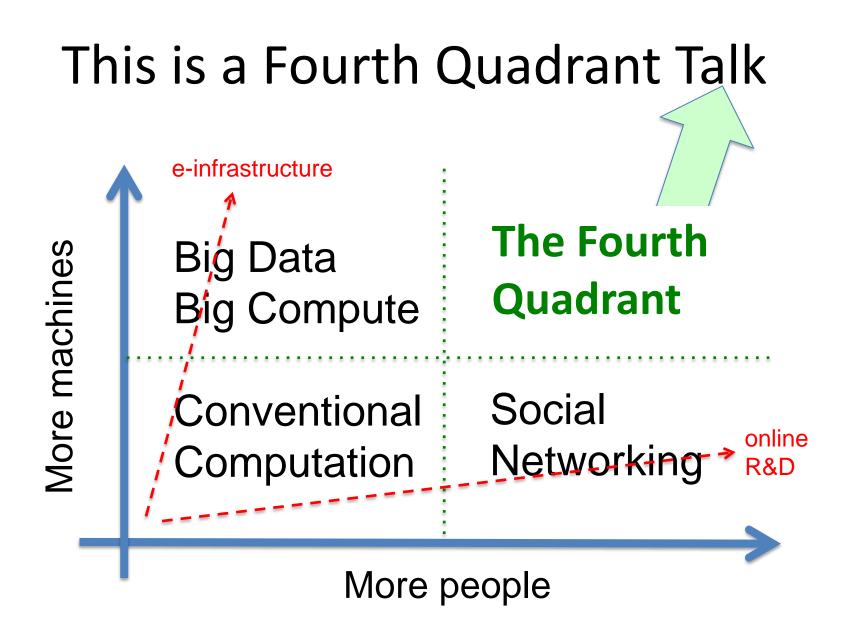
David De Roure, Kevin R. Page, Benjamin Fields, Tim Crawford, J. Stephen Downie and Ichiro Fujinaga

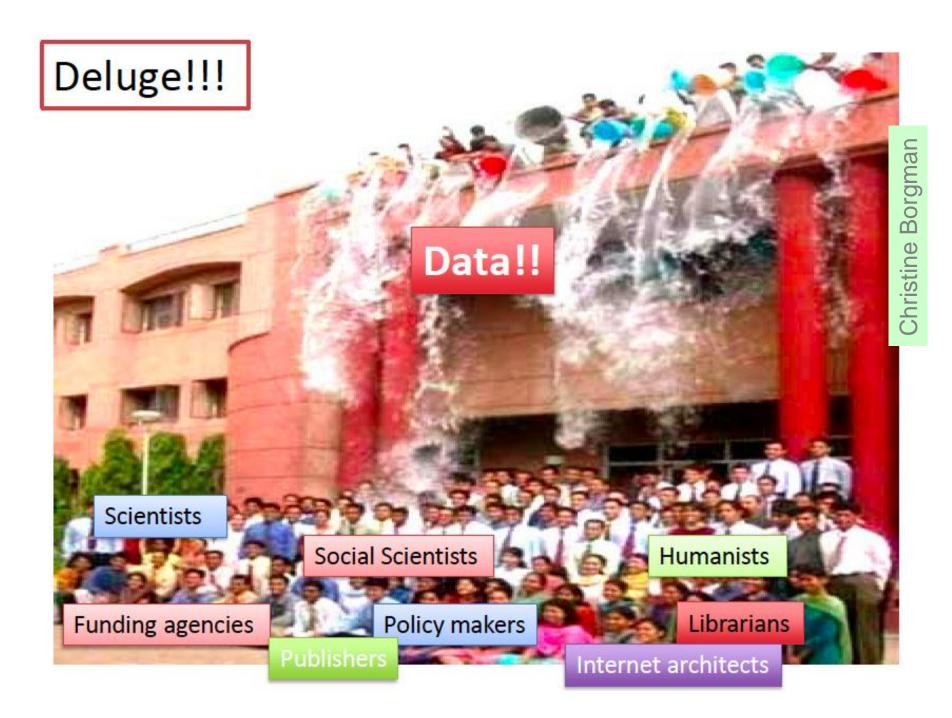
Phil. Trans. R. Soc. A 2011 **369**, 3300-3317 doi: 10.1098/rsta.2011.0171

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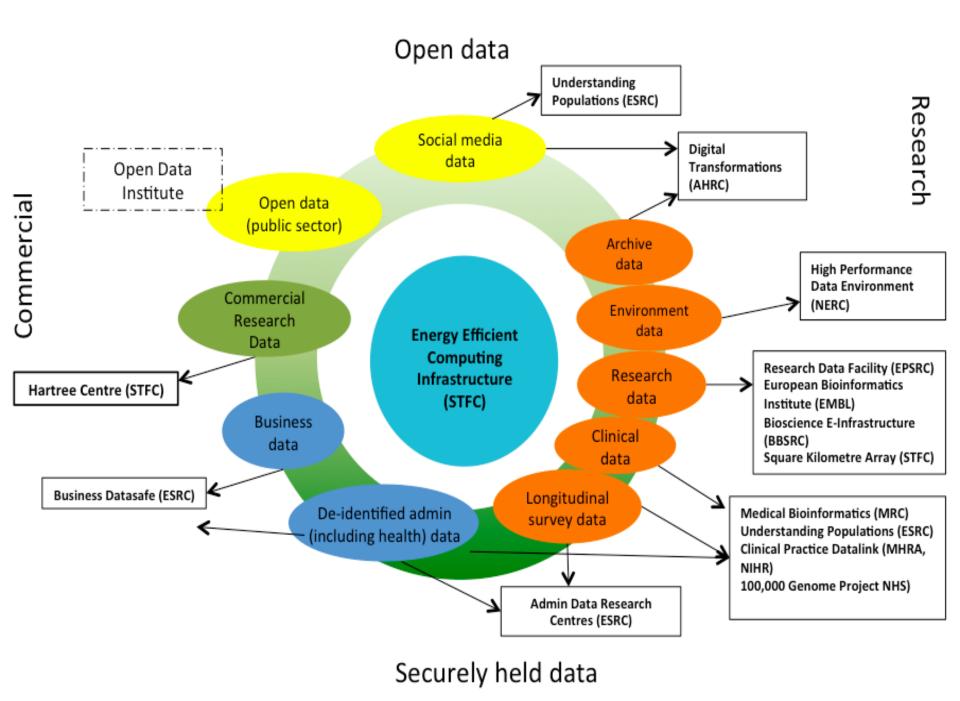
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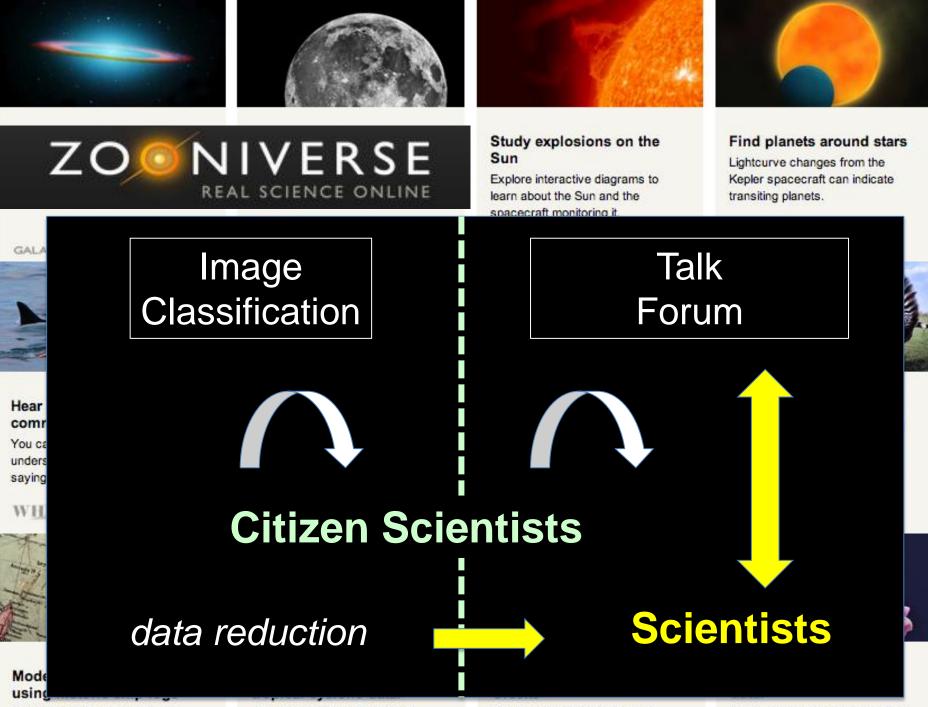


Notifications and automatic re-runs Autonomic Self-repair Curation

New research?

Machines are users too

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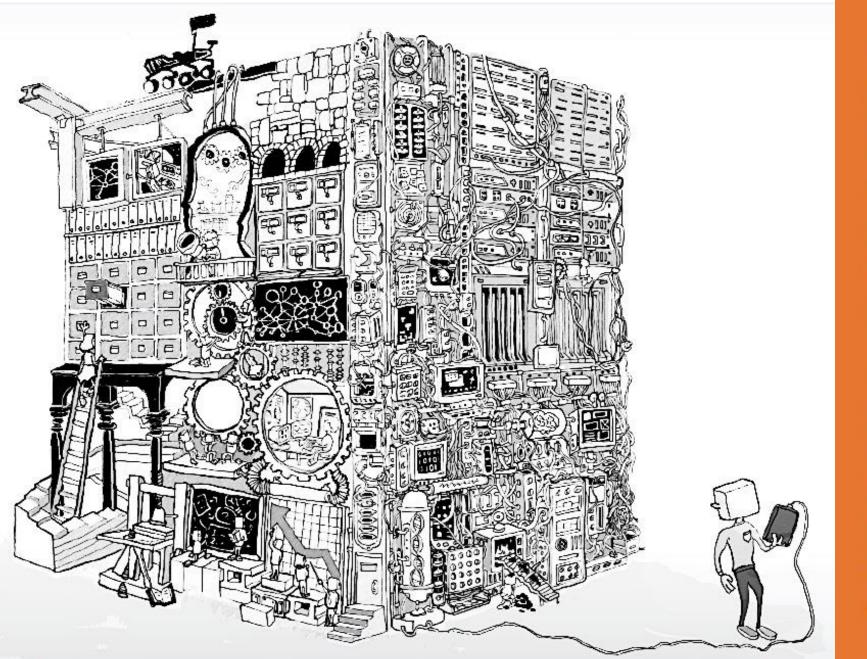


Help scientists recover Arctic

Scientists at NOAA's National

The data gathered by Ancient

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Edwards, P. N., et al. (2013) *Knowledge Infrastructures: Intellectual Frameworks and Research Challenges*. Ann Arbor: Deep Blue. http://hdl.handle.net/2027.42/97552



Beyond the PDF2 Conference

Tuesday, March 19, 2013 to Wednesday, March 20, 2013 Pakhuis de Zwijger, Amsterdam, NL Twitter: #btpdf2



The demise of the paper around 2030 can be attributed to several factors:

- 1. It was no longer possible to include the evidence in the paper.
- 2. It was no longer possible to reconstruct a scientific experiment based on a paper alone.
- 3. Writing for increasingly specialist audiences restricted essential multidisciplinary re-use.
- 4. Research records needed to be readable by computer to support automation and curation.
- 5. Single authorship gave way to casts of thousands of collaborators and citizen scientists, leading to failure of the authorship and incentive model.
- 6. Quality control models scaled poorly with the increasing volume and "open access" movement, obscuring innovation.
- 7. Alternative reporting was found necessary for compliance with increasingly stringent scientific and industrial regulations.
- 8. Frustrated by inefficiencies in scholarly communication that stifled progress, research funders demanded change.

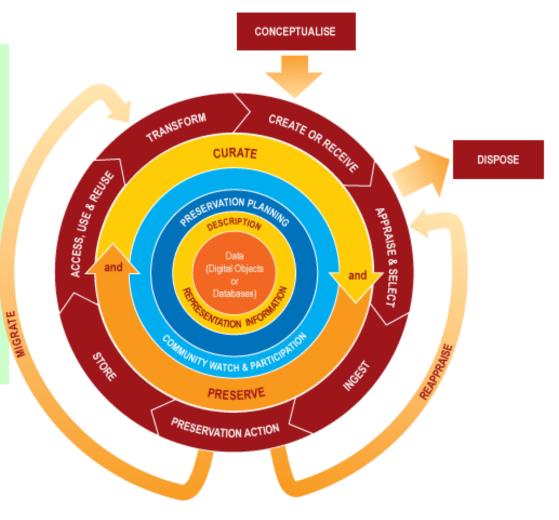
David De Roure

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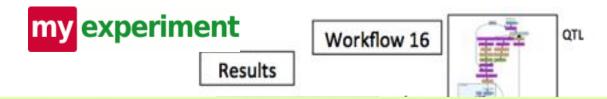
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1. It was no longer possible to include the evidence in the paper – container failure!

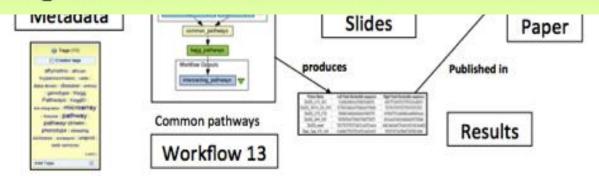
"A PDF exploded today when a scientist tried to paste in the twitter firehose..."



2. It was no longer possible to reconstruct a scientific experiment based on a paper alone



Meanwhile considerable confusion arose in the <u>crisis</u> of reproducibility. This tenet of the scientific method, based on independent reconstruction of experiments, suffered when the sharing of digital artefacts seriously interfered with the notion of independence: sharing was at once beneficial and self-defeating.

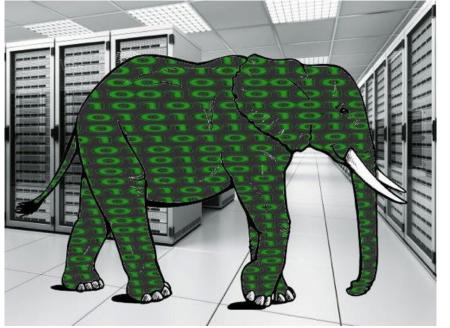


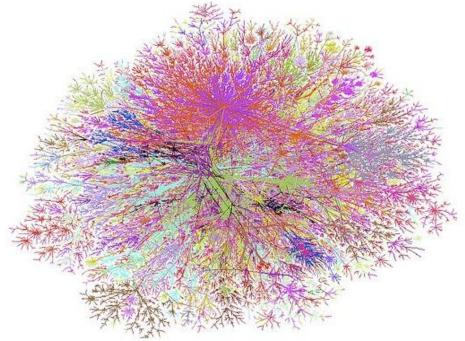
3. Writing for increasingly specialist audiences restricted essential multidisciplinary re-use

Grand Challenge Areas:

- Energy
- Living with Environmental Change
- Global Uncertainties
- Lifelong Health and Wellbeing
- Digital Economy
- Nanoscience
- Food Security
- Connected Communities
- Resilient Economy

4. Research records needed to be readable by computer to support automation and curation

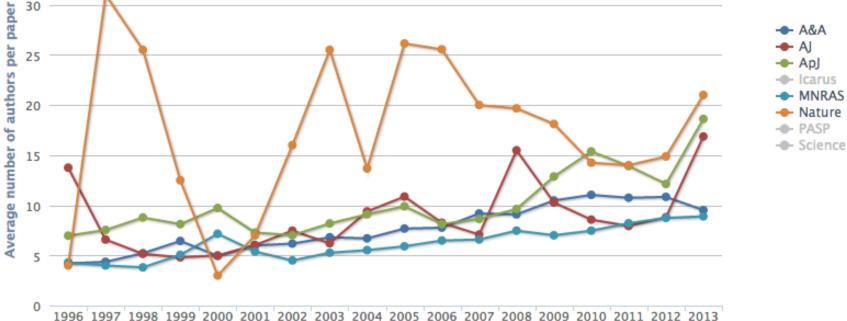




A computationally-enabled sense-making network of expertise, data, models and narratives.

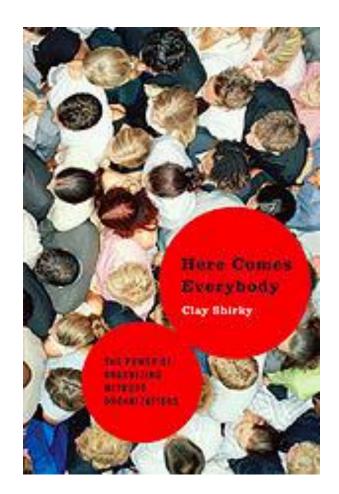
5. Single authorship gave way to casts of thousands





Please click the legend to enable or disable journals

6. Quality control models scaled poorly with the increasing volume



7. Alternative reporting necessary for compliance with regulations

'Show Your Working': What 'ClimateGate' means



VIEWPOINT

Mike Hulme and Jerome Ravetz

The "ClimateGate" affair - the publication of e-mails and documents hacked or leaked from one of the world's leading climate research institutions - is being intensely debated on the web. But what does it imply for climate science? Here, Mike Hulme and Jerome Ravetz say it shows that we need a more concerted effort to explain and engage the public in understanding the processes and practices of science and scientists.

As the repercussions of ClimateGate reverberate around the virtual community of global citizens, we believe it is both important and urgent to reflect on what this moment is telling us about the practice of science in the 21st Century.

In particular, what is it telling us about the social status and perceived authority of scientific claims about climate change?

We argue that the evolving practice rol science in the contemporary



66 Practising scientists know that they do not simply follow a rulebook to do their science, otherwise it could be done by a robot

world must be different from the classic view of disinterested - almost robotic - humans establishing objective claims to universal truth.

THE GREEN ROOM

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Pinch of salt Idea that the world's food production must double "is wrong"

Your comments

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- Richard Black's Earth Watch
- Farth News

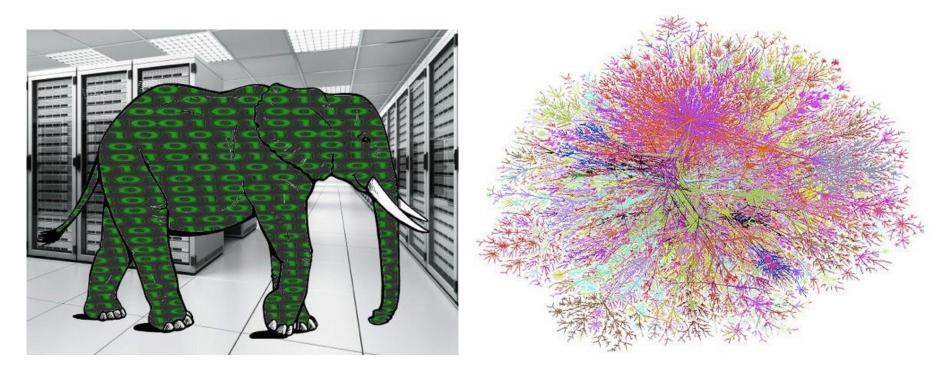
8. Research funders frustrated by inefficiencies in scholarly communication

An investment is only worthwhile if

- Outputs are discoverable
- Outputs are reusable
- Outputs accrue value

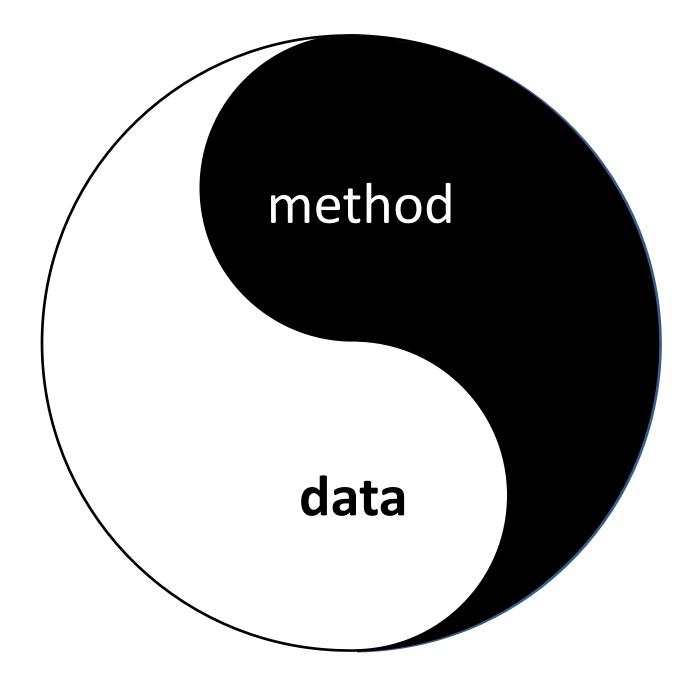
3. Full value from investment. Investments are less worthwhile unless all the outputs are discoverable and re-useable. Is one model better for encouraging re-use of research data and of software? Does it help with dissemination and resource discovery? Does it help with new forms of data and new digital artefacts? Is it better for others adding value to the outcomes, so that I can better fund innovation over existing resources which adds to their value? (Metapoint: I have a duty to maximise return on investment.)

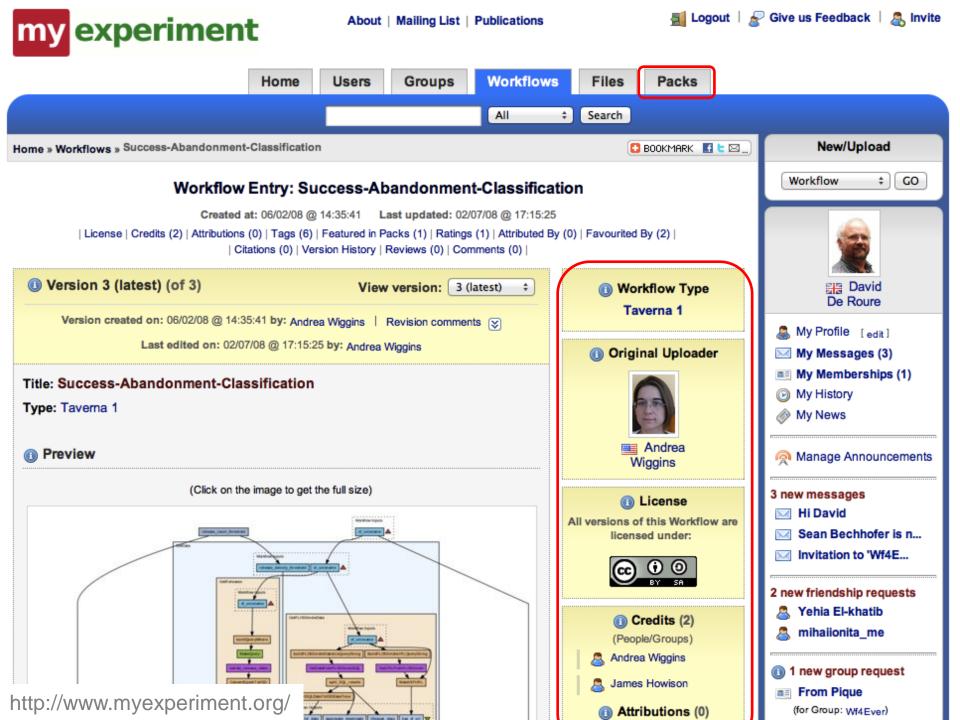
Big data elephant versus sense-making network?



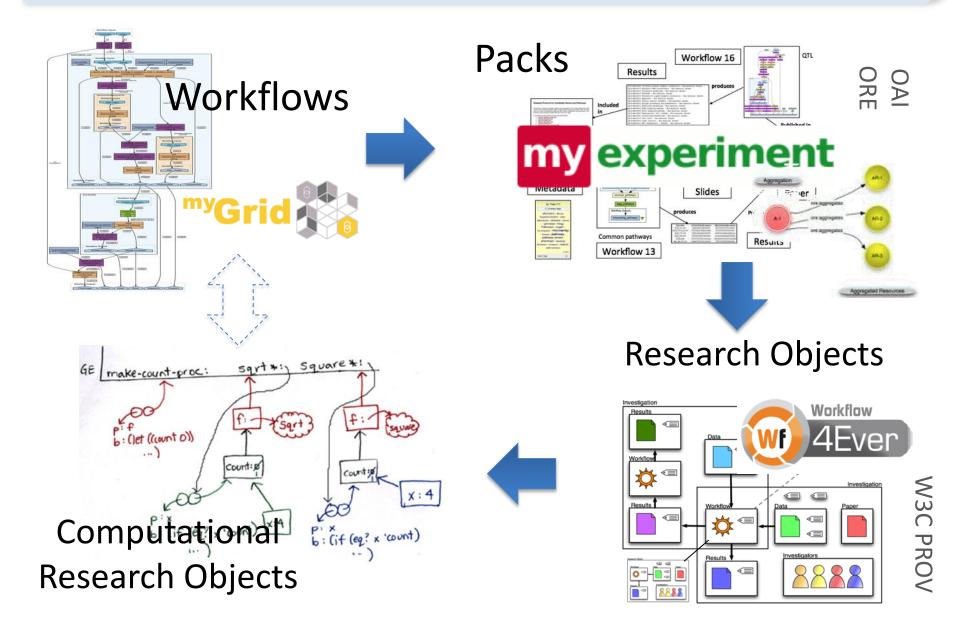
The challenge is to foster the co-constituted socio-technical system on the right i.e. a computationally-enabled sense-making network of expertise, data, models and narratives.

This requires a "social machines" perspective from the outset as well as humanistic input. The Web, and with it Web Science, are an important exemplar.





Evolving the myExperiment Social Machine



The R dimensions

Reusable. The key tenet of Research Objects is to support the sharing and reuse of data, methods and processes.

Repurposeable. Reuse may also involve the reuse of constituent parts of the Research Object.

Repeatable. There should be sufficient information in a Research Object to be able to repeat the study, perhaps years later.

Reproducible. A third party can start with the same inputs and methods and see if a prior result can be confirmed.

Replayable. Studies might involve single investigations that happen in milliseconds or protracted processes that take years.

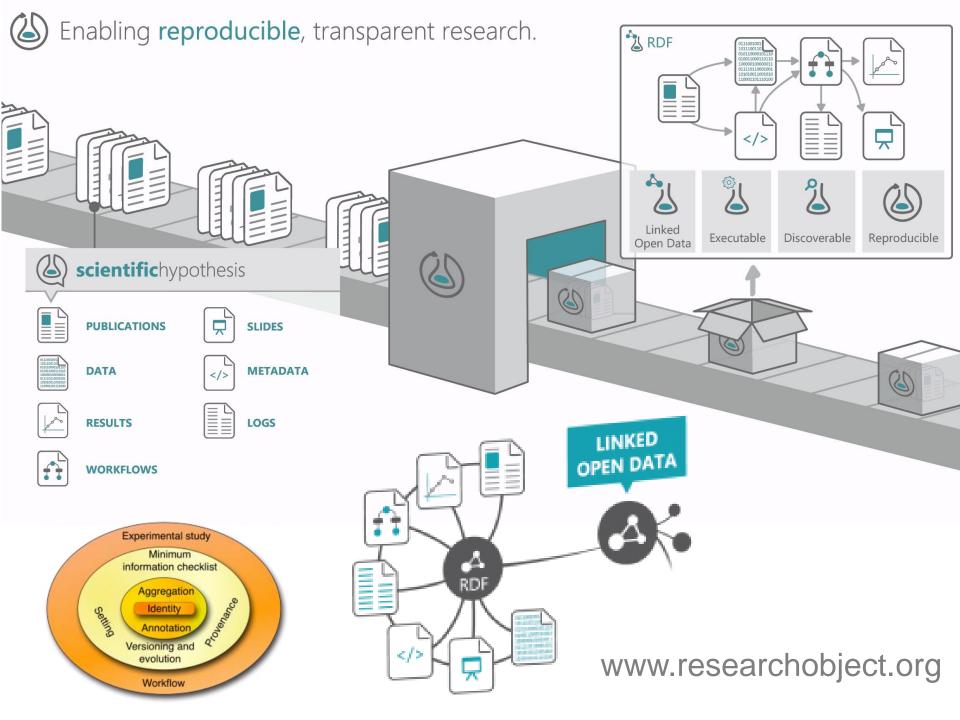
Referenceable. If research objects are to augment or replace traditional publication methods, then they must be referenceable or citeable.

Revealable. Third parties must be able to audit the steps performed in the research in order to be convinced of the validity of results.

Respectful. Explicit representations of the provenance, lineage and flow of intellectual property.

Replacing the Paper: The Twelve Rs of the e-Research Record" on http://blogs.nature.com/eresearch/





Contents lists available at SciVerse ScienceDirect FIGICIE Future Generation Computer Systems Wf4Ever Research Object Ontologies and Vocabularies journal Primer Search blogs W3C Community and Business Groups Why linked data is not enough Unofficial Draft 13 April 2012 Sean Bechhofer^{a,*}, lain Buchan^b, David Philip Couch^b, Don Cruickshank^c, Mar, Danius Michaelides^c, Stuart Owen^a, Da Jun Zhao, University of Oxford ABOUT * School of Computer Science, University of Manchester, UK REPORTS b School of Community Based Medicine, University of Manchester, U Editor: CURRENT GROUPS School of Electronics and Computer Science, University of Southam Khalid Belhaljame, University of Ma 6 Oxford e-Research Centre, University of Oxford, UK Research Object for ... Participants Authors: Daniel Garijo, UPM Research Object for Scholarly Oscar Corcho, UPM Esteban Garcia Cuesta, iSOCO No Chairs curren ABST Mailing List Communication Community Group Stian Soiland-Reyes, University of N choosing chairs. YE ARTICLE INFO Scientific Q from the d This document is licensed under a Creative Comme Research investigations are increasingly collaborative and require ensure the Wiki "borrowing strength" from the outputs of other research. Conventional and metho Article history: Received 8 March 2011 Received in revised form case for a s Objects as f digital publications are becoming less sufficient for the scientists to access, share, communicate, and enable the reuse of scientific outputs. Accepted 5 August 2011 Available online 19 August 2011 Chat The need to have a community-wide container data model to encapsulate the actual research data and methods with all the contextual information essential for interpreting and reusing them is becoming more and more This document is to provide an accessible Keywords: Research object imperative, for the science, publisher, as well as digital library can understand "what" the RO Model pro RSS U ົລ Linked data Reproducibility can be used to describe an aggregatio Reuse A number of different community groups and projects are now creating sharing ublishing Some form of container, bundling or aggregation mechanism (particularly Contact changes are occurring in the ways in which dwated within wholly direct environments of some rorm or contarrier, containing or aggregation mechanism (particularly using ORE OAI), partially driven by the above goal. There is a clear need using ORE OAI), partially driven by the above goal. structured format. Changes are occurring in the ways in while conducted. Within wholly digital environments. 1 Group using one UAII, parually onlen by the above goal. There is a clear need and benefit to facilitate a consensus among these representations. In the conducted, Within wholiy digital environments, m as scientific workflows, research protocols, standar score-duree, and alconethere for analusic or simulatil as scientific workflows, research protocols, standal procedures and algorithms for analysis of simulati-to manimulate and environ data. Experimental or of Status of This Document and veneral to recursive a consensus among uses representations, in me POSC community group we aim to provide an open platform for galaxies and a sector of the sector of procedures and algorithms for analysis of simulation of the second secon nuose community group we aim to provide an open platom ror game and discussing current development of various container models and This document is merely a public workin to manipulate and produce data. Experimental or of data and scientific models are typically "born digit eriu uscussing umerik geveropmerik or various container mogels and their implementations. These data models should be driven by the need their implementations. this document is merely a public wurking standing of any kind and does not replaced Intell Implementations, These data models should be driven by the head of the actual digital knowledge and of the actual digital knowledge and the formation instance invationalities instance invat n revenuent un revor and excitante or me ac. organisation. www.researchobject.org

Workflow

Future Generation Computer Systems 29 (2013) 599-611

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The Order of Social Machines

Real life is and must be full of all kinds of social constraint – the very processes from which society arises. Computers can help if we use them to create abstract social machines on the Web: processes in which the people do the creative work and the machine does the administration... The stage is set for an evolutionary growth of new social engines. Berners-Lee, Weaving the Web, 1999



Some Social Machines

Sign up new reasons and the little

What's the score at the Bodleian?





Discussion points

- 1. Citation in tomorrow's sense-making network of humans and machines:
 - What are the artefacts / social objects?
 - How and why are they cited?
- 2. Think about an ecosystem of interacting Scholarly Social Machines
- 3. Science as Social Computation?

Thanks to Jun Zhao, Kevin Page, my{Experiment,Grid}, wf4ever

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